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increase is considered to occur at the time of any of the following personnel actions:

- (1) A promotion to a higher grade or work level (unless the promotion is cancelled and the employee's rate of basic pay is redetermined as if the promotion had not occurred); or
- (2) An opportunity to receive a within-level or within-range increase that results in (or would have resulted in) forward movement in the applicable range of rates of basic pay, where "forward movement in the applicable range" means any kind of increase in the employee's rate of basic pay other than an increase that is directly and exclusively linked to—
- (i) A general structural increase in the employee's basic pay schedule or rate range (including the adjustment of a range minimum or maximum); or
- (ii) The employee's placement under a new basic pay schedule within the same pay system.
- (c) Locality rates and special rates. Since locality rates under subpart F of this part and special rates under 5 CFR part 530, subpart C, and similar rates under other legal authority (e.g., 38 U.S.C. 7455) are not rates of basic pay for the purpose of this subpart, increases in pay resulting from an adjustment in an employee's locality payment or special rate supplement or from placement on a new locality rate or special rate schedule are not considered in making equivalent increase determinations.

[70 FR 31301, May 31, 2005, as amended at 70 FR 74995, Dec. 19, 2005]

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§ 531.409 Acceptable level of competence determinations.

- (a) Responsibility. The head of the agency or other agency official to whom such authority is delegated shall determine which employees are performing at an acceptable level of competence.
- (b) Basis for determination. When applicable, an acceptable level of competence determination shall be based on a current rating of record made under part 430, subpart B, of this chapter. For those agencies not covered by chapter 43 of title 5, United States

Code, and for employees in positions excluded from 5 U.S.C. 4301, an acceptable level of competence determination shall be based on performance appraisal requirements established by the agency. If an employee has been reduced in grade because of unacceptable performance and has served in one position at the lower grade for at least the minimum period established by the agency, a rating of record at the lower grade shall be used as the basis for an acceptable level of competence determination.

- (c) Delay in determination. (1) An acceptable level of competence determination shall be delayed when, and only when, either of the following applies:
- (i) An employee has not had the minimum period of time established at §430.207(a) of this chapter to demonstrate acceptable performance because he or she has not been informed of the specific requirements for performance at an acceptable level of competence in his or her current position, and the employee has not been given a performance rating in any position within the minimum period of time (as established at §430.207(a) of this chapter) before the end of the waiting period; or
- (ii) An employee is reduced in grade because of unacceptable performance to a position in which he or she is eligible for a within-grade increase or will become eligible within the minimum period as established at §430.207(a) of this chapter.
- (2) When an acceptable level of competence determination has been delayed under this subpart:
- (i) The employee shall be informed that his or her determination is postponed and the appraisal period extended and shall be told of the specific requirements for performance at an acceptable level of competence.
- (ii) An acceptable level of competence determination shall then be made based on the employee's rating of record completed at the end of the extended appraisal period.
- (iii) If, following the delay, the employee's performance is determined to be at an acceptable level of competence, the within-grade increase will

be granted retroactively to the beginning of the pay period following completion of the applicable waiting period.

- (d) Waiver of requirement for determination. (1) An acceptable level of competence determination shall be waived and a within-grade increase granted when an employee has not served in any position for the minimum period under an applicable agency performance appraisal program during the final 52 calendar weeks of the waiting period for one or more of the following reasons:
- (i) Because of absences that are creditable service in the computation of a waiting period or periods under §531.406 of this subpart;
 - (ii) Because of paid leave;
- (iii) Because the employee received service credit under the back pay provisions of subpart H of part 550 of this chapter:
- (iv) Because of details to another agency or employer for which no rating has been prepared;
- (v) Because the employee has had insufficient time to demonstrate an acceptable level of competence due to authorized activities of official interest to the agency not subject to appraisal under part 430 of this chapter (including, but not limited to, labor-management partnership activities under section 2 of Executive Order 12871 and serving as a representative of a labor organization under chapter 71 of title 5, United States Code); or
 - (vi) Because of long-term training.
- (2) When an acceptable level of competence determination has been waived and a within-grade increase granted under paragraph (d)(1) of this section, there shall be a presumption that the employee would have performed at an acceptable level of competence had the employee performed the duties of his or her position of record for the minimum period under the applicable agency performance appraisal program.
- (e) Notice of determination. (1) A level of competence determination shall be communicated to an employee in writing as soon as possible after completion of the waiting period or other period upon which it was based.
- (2) When the head of an agency or his or her designee determines that an em-

ployee's performance is not at an acceptable level of competence, the negative determination shall be communicated to the employee in writing and shall:

- (i) Set forth the reasons for any negative determination and the respects in which the employee must improve his or her performance in order to be granted a within-grade increase under §531.411 of this subpart.
- (ii) Inform the employee of his or her right to request that the appropriately designated agency official reconsider the determination.

[46 FR 2319, Jan. 9, 1981, as amended at 51 FR 8420, Mar. 11, 1986; 60 FR 43948, Aug. 23, 1995; 62 FR 62503, Nov. 24, 1997]

§ 531.410 Reconsideration of a negative determination.

- (a) When an agency head, or his or her designee, issues a negative determination the following procedures are established in accordance with section 5335(c) of title 5, United States Code for reconsideration of the negative determination:
- (1) An employee or an employee's personal representative may request reconsideration of a negative determination by filing, not more than 15 days after receiving notice of determination, a written response to the negative determination setting forth the reasons the agency shall reconsider the determination;
- (2) When an employee files a request for reconsideration, the agency shall establish an employee reconsideration file which shall contain all pertinent documents relating to the negative determination and the request for reconsideration, including copies of the following:
- (i) The written negative determination and the basis therefore;
- (ii) The employee's written request for reconsideration;
- (iii) The report of investigation when an investigation is made;
- (iv) The written summary or transcript of any personal presentation made; and
- (v) The agency's decision on the request for reconsideration.

The file shall not contain any document that has not been made available to the employee or his or her personal